Dhyana 400BSI V2.0

BSI Scientific CMOS Camera

QExFF (%)

Wavelength(nm)
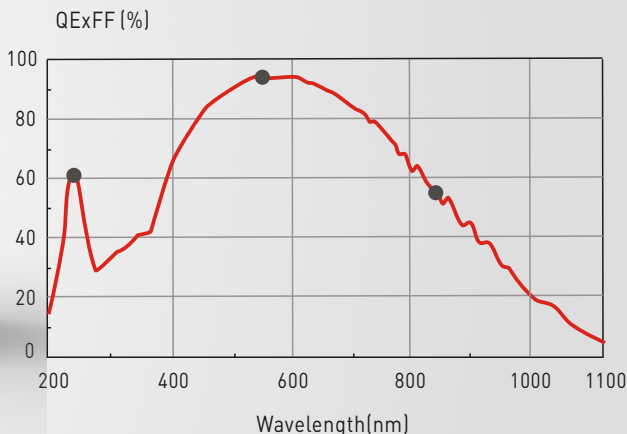
74 fps CameraLink   **40** fps USB3.0

Faster Capture

0.2 e^- DSNU   **0.3** % PRNU   **1.2** e^- Read Noise

More Accurate

6.5 μm Pixel Size   **4.2** MP Resolution

High Resolution

60 % QE UV light @ 254 nm   **95** % QE Visible light @ 550 nm   **53** % QE Near-infrared @ 850 nm

High Sensitivity

A New Breakthrough for New Discoveries!

Since its launch, the Dhyana 400BSI sCMOS camera has been receiving great attention and focus. The image quality of the product is fully recognized to be comparable, or even better than its competitors. However, the Tucsen R&D group continues to pursue greater levels of excellence. This resulted in an upgraded product, the Dhyana 400BSI [V2.0].

The Dhyana 400BSI [V2.0] achieves a core breakthrough in the transmission speed compared with 400BSI [V1.0], and a high-speed data transmission rate of 74fps @ Cameralink and 40fps @ USB3.0 at full resolution. Moreover to meet the demands for accurate quantification for high-end scientific imaging such as single molecule and super resolution, the 400BSI [V2.0] calibrated DSNU & PRNU, minimized the difference between each pixel and reduced fixed pattern noise. So we are now able to achieve more accurate quantitative imaging data, providing a guarantee of reliable analysis results. The DSNU & PRNU calibration is of a great importance of quantitative analysis.

Simultaneously, the Dhyana 400BSI [V2.0] preserves all the essences of Dhyana 400BSI [V1.0], including the latest developed back-illuminated SCMOS sensor, ultra-high quantum efficiency of 95%, microscope-friendly 6.5μm x 6.5μm pixel and 1.2e- @ Median ultra-low readout noise.

So, no matter of chasing for brilliant scientific images or accurate images quantitative data, 400BSI [V2.0] is easy to implement!

DSNU/PRNU calibration, more accurate quantitative analysis

To improve the overall performance of the camera, the Dhyana 400BSI (V2.0) was calibrated in DSNU (dark signal non-uniformity) and PRNU (photo response non-uniformity) characteristically. After calibration, the DSNU value reduced from 0.3e- to 0.2e-, the PRNU value reduced from 1.6% to 0.3%. Thus the new upgraded camera has a more sophisticated capabilities, making it more suitable for quantitative analysis applications.
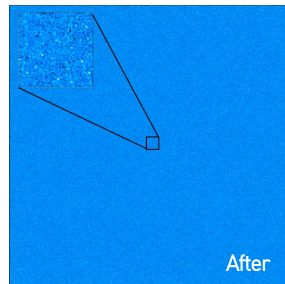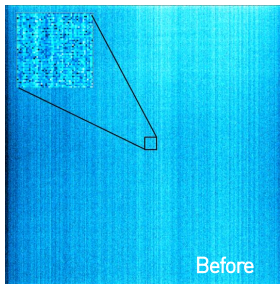
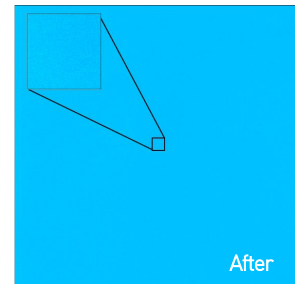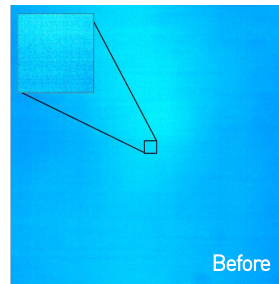Dark Signal Non-Uniformity (DSNU) Optimization

Photo Response Non-Uniformity (PRNU) Optimization

Top-level cooling technology to reduce the impact of noise

Dhyana 400BSI V2.0 advanced cooling mode can further reduce the impact of noise on imaging: compared to 1.2e- readout noise and 0.2e-DSNU, the dark curret corresponding to 100ms is less than 0.02e-. In high-end imaging applications,dark current becomes negligible.

| Cooling Method	Cooling Temperature	Dark Current
Forced air (Ambient at +20 °C)	-15°C	0.15e-/p/s(typ.)
Water (Ambient at +20 °C)	-25°C	0.10e-/p/s(typ.)

Wide spectral response range, high sensitivity

With its ultra-low noise, the advantage of the quantum efficiency in Dhyana 400BSI (V2.0) is very significant. This is a huge breakthrough for scien-tific applications, not only in the visible region, but also in the ultraviolet and near-infrared.

Quantum Efficiency Comparison ▶
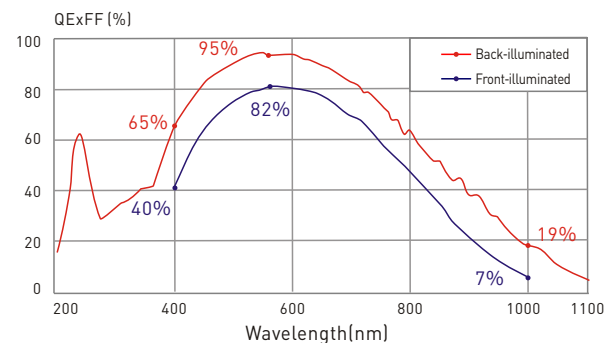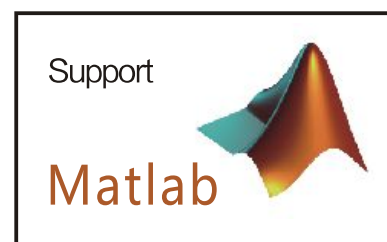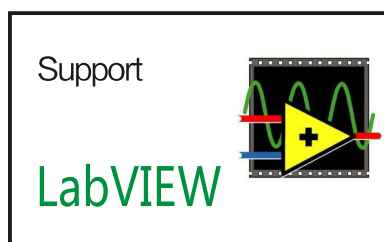
74fps @ CameraLink, 40fps @ USB3.0, faster data capture

In addition to the signal to noise ratio advantage, the Dhyana 400BSI (V2.0) has enhanced transmission speed, on one hand though the new CameraLink interface to meet the needs of high-end imaging research for higher frame rates, on the other hand through hardware improvements that increase the USB 3.0 throughput. These have achieved the ultimate transfer rate of 74fps with CameraLink and 40fps with USB3.0 at 4.2 MP full resolution.
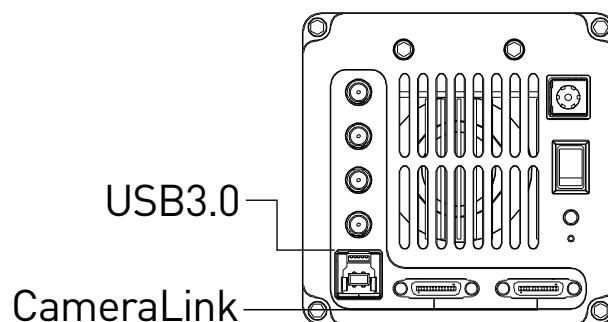
Column	Row	USB3.0	CameraLink
2048	2048	40.4fps	74.0fps
2048	1024	79.9fps	147.9fps
2048	512	158.8fps	293.9fps
2048	256	317.6fps	582.8fps
2048	128	629.2fps	1147.9fps
2048	64	1242.6fps	2227.8fps

Third-party applications

Third-party applications supported by Dhyana 400BSI (V2.0) have also been greatly expanded, including Micromanager, Labview, Matlab, etc., to provide more application support and help.

Support
μ-Manager
The Open Source Microscopy Software
Image J Image processing software

Support
LabVIEW

Support
Matlab

Customer applications

Dhyana 400BSI   82%QE sCMOS Camera   Comparison

Source: Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics-Huazhong University of Science and Technology
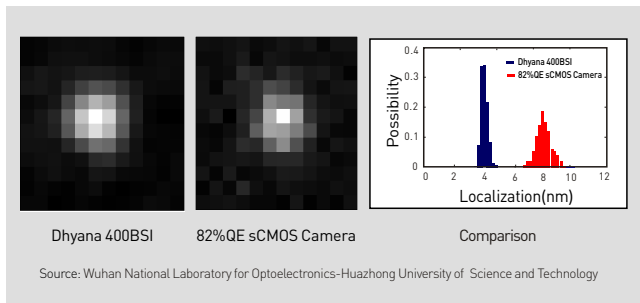
Single molecule localization

The high SNR can effectively improve the intensity of single-molecule fluorescence emission. The statistical results of the localization accuracy of the fluorescent sphere shows that the accurancy of localization with 400BSI is twice as that of the third generation 82% QE sCMOS camera.
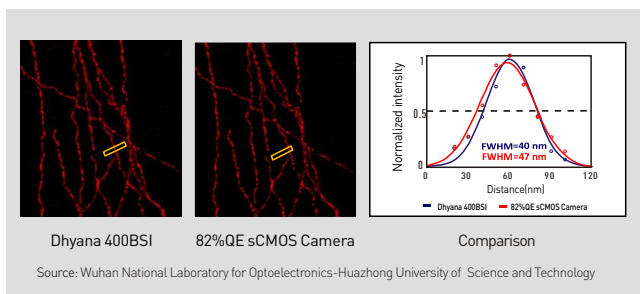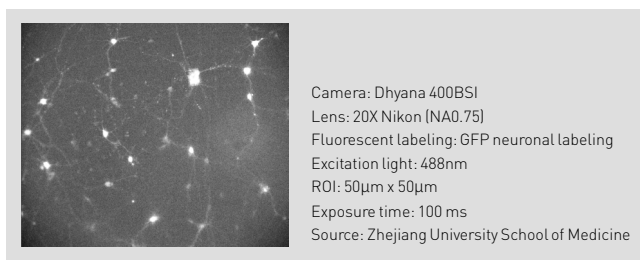

Dhyana 400BSI   82%QE sCMOS Camera   Comparison

Source: Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics-Huazhong University of Science and Technology
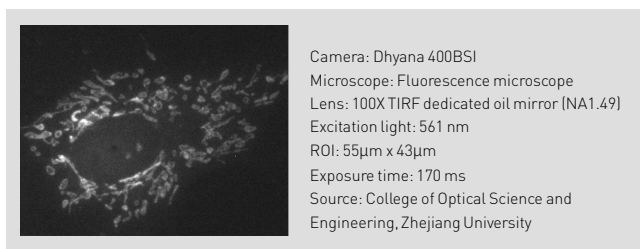
Super-resolution imaging

The lower the FWHM, the higher the resolution. In STORM super-resolution imaging, the capturing spatial resolution of 400BSI reaches to 40 nm, while those of the third generation of 82% QE sCMOS can only achieve 47 nm resolution, so the spatial resoluiton of 400BSI with STORM super resolution microscope carries a superiority of 7nm.

Camera: Dhyana 400BSI
Lens: 20X Nikon (NA0.75)
Fluorescent labeling: GFP neuronal labeling
Excitation light: 488nm
ROI: 50μm x 50μm
Exposure time: 100 ms
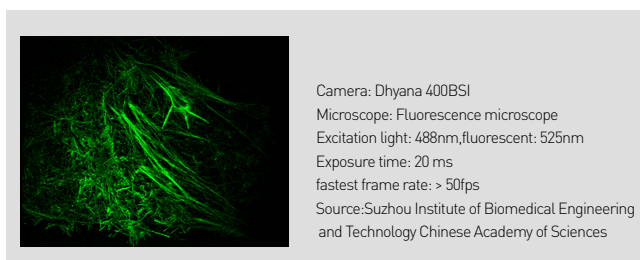Source: Zhejiang University School of Medicine

Neuron fluorescence imaging

With the increasing of the exposure time, luminescent fluorophores produce phototoxicity to the cells. Compared with other cameras,the exposure time of 400BSI is shorter, which can protect cell samples from light damage better.

Camera: Dhyana 400BSI
Microscope: Fluorescence microscope
Lens: 100X TIRF dedicated oil mirror (NA1.49)
Excitation light: 561 nm
ROI: 55μm x 43μm
Exposure time: 170 ms
Source: College of Optical Science and Engineering, Zhejiang University

TIRF wide field imaging

In the TIRF applications, the light signal of the samples is very weak, but 400BSI with the ultra-high SNR camera is able to capture the practical and good quanlity of images effectively with rather short exposure time, resulting in a faster and fully widefield imaging.

Camera: Dhyana 400BSI
Microscope: Fluorescence microscope
Excitation light: 488nm,fluorescent: 525nm
Exposure time: 20 ms
fastest frame rate: > 50fps
Source:Suzhou Institute of Biomedical Engineering and Technology Chinese Academy of Sciences

SIM cytoskeleton imaging

SIM imaging requires the cameras to capture as sharp as possible pictures with as low as possible the exposure time, along with others same shooting conditions, the Dhyana 400BSI [V2.0] has a significant signal-to-noise ratio advantage, resulting in better images quality than other cameras.

Technical Specifications

Model	Dhyana 400BSI (V2.0)
Sensor size	1.2"
Sensor model	Backside-illuminated sCMOS
Color/Monochrome	Monochrome
Quantum efficency	60%@254nm, 95%@550nm, 53%@850nm
Effective no. of pixels	2048(H) x 2048(V)
Pixel size	6.5μm x 6.5μm
Effective area	13.3mm x 13.3mm
Full well capacity	45,000e⁻
Frame rate	74fps @4.2MP @CameraLink 40fps @4.2MP @USB3.0
Readout noise	1.2e⁻ (Median); 1.3e⁻ (RMS)
Shutter type	Rolling Shutter / Global Reset
Exposure time	6.6μs-10s
DSNU	0.2e⁻
PRNU	0.3%
Cooling temperature	Forced air (Ambient at +20°C): -15°C Water (Ambient at +20°C): -25°C
Dark current	Forced air: 0.15 e-/p/s (-15°C)(typ.) Water: 0.10 e-/p/s (-25°C)(typ.)
Binning	2x2 / 4x4
Sub-array	Available
External trigger mode	Standard / Synchronous / Global trigger
Trigger delay function	0-10s(1μs steps)
External trigger routing	SMA
Signal output ports	3 (Exposure / Global / Readout)
Digital interface	USB3.0 / CameraLink
SDK	Support
Bit depth	16bit
Lens mount	C-mount
Power supply	12V / 8A
Power consumption	55W
Camera size	85mm x 85mm x 125mm
Weight	1460g
PC software	Mosaic / LabVIEW / Matlab / Micromanager MetaMorph
Compatible system	Windows / Linux
Operating environment	Temperature: 0-40°C Humidity: 10%-85%

Applications

· Super-resolution microscopy
· Real-time confocal microscopy
· Gene sequencing
· Live-cell imaging
· Single molecule detection
· Astronomy observation
· FRET
· TIRF
· DIC

Dimensions

Front Side	Side Face

85

125

85

4-M4

106

Reverse Side

DC 12V — SWITCH

CAMERALINK

TRIGGER   USB 3.0